CASEY COUNTY AG NEWS



JANUARY 2024

AGENT NOTES

I hope everyone had a very merry Christmas with your families and are excited for another year to begin. We have lots of great programs in store for the winter. Many of them qualify for CAIP educational credit for those of you still needing to get that completed.

Make sure to read through the newsletter and check them out. Additionally, we have calendars in stock in the office while supplies last. As always feel free to call the office if you have any questions.

Kelsey Maraim

Kelsey Marcum Casey County Agriculture & Natural Resources Agent

CASEY COUNTY COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICE

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Cooperative Extension Service

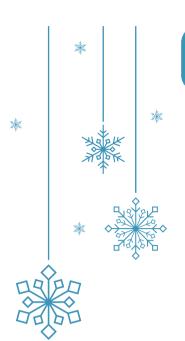
Agriculture and Natural Resources Family and Consumer Sciences 4-H Youth Development Community and Economic Development

MARTIN-GATTON COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND ENVIRONMENT

Educational programs of Kentucky Cooperative Extension serve all people regardless of economic or social status and will not discriminate on the basis of race, color, ethnic origin, national origin, creed, religion, political belief, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, pregnancy, marital status, genetic information, age, veteran status, physical or mental disability or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity. Reasonable accommodation of disability may be available with prior notice. Program information may be made available in languages other than English. University of Kentucky, Kentucky State University, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and Kentucky Counties, Cooperating.







UPCOMING EVENTS

Kentucky Fruit & Vegetable Conference

January 3rd-4th Bowling Green, KY



Kentucky Cattlemen's Convention

January 11th-12th Lexington, KY



Private Pesticide Applicator Training

January 16th at 9:00 am
January 30th at 5:00pm
Casey County Extension Office
Educational Building
Call to register, 606-787-7384



Casey Co. Extension District Board Meeting

January 17th at 12:30pm Casey County Extension Office

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Growers Meeting

January 17th at 9:00am
Lincoln County Produce Auction
2896 KY-39, Crab Orchard, KY 40419
This meeting will feature university speakers covering topics on fruits, vegetables, and diseases.
Lunch will be provided.
Call to register, 606-787-7384



Lake Cumberland Area Grain Meeting

Dr. Chad Lee, UK Extension Grain Crops Specialist
January 25th at 2:00pm
Casey County Extension Office
Educational Building
Please call to register, a meal will be provided.
This program qualified for CAIP educational credit.

Casey Co. Cattlemen's Meeting January 18th at 7:00pm Casey County Extension Office



UK Beef Management Webinar Series

Registration is necessary, however, if you received this email directly from Darrh Bullock then you are already registered. If you received this from another source, or have not registered previously, then please send an email to dbullock@uky.edu with Beef Webinar in the subject line and your name and county in the message. You will receive the direct link with a password the morning of each meeting. This invitation will directly link you to the site and you will be asked for the password which can be found just below the link. Each session will be recorded and posted for later viewing. All meeting times are 8:00pm ET/7:00pm CT.

December 12, 2023

Shooting the Bull: Answering all your Beef Related Questions! - Updates and Roundtable discussion with UK Specialists

January 9, 2024

Management decisions that impact reproductive efficiency in beef herds – George Perry, Professor, Texas A&M University

February 13, 2024

What's the Cost of a Cheap Mineral - Katie VanValin, Assistant Extension Professor, University of Kentucky

All sessions qualify for CAIP educational credit.



Russell and Casey County Extension Vegetable Production Workshops 3-Part Series

- Feb. 1: Vegetable Diseases and Control Methods with Dr. Gauthier Location: Russell Co. Extension Office at 6:00pm EST
 - Feb. 8: Vegetable Pest and Control Methods with Dr. Bessin Location: Russell Co. Extension Office at 6:00pm EST
 - Feb. 22: Vegetable Production Considerations with Dr. Rudolph Location: Zoom at Casey Co. Extension Office at 6:00pm EST

All sessions qualify for CAIP educational credit.

Please call your local Extension office to register by the Monday before each meeting. This helps us to plan for handouts and meal numbers.

Casey: 606-787-7384 Russell: 270-866-4477

KEEPING YOUR HOUSEPLANTS HAPPY DURING WINTER

Source: Rachel Rudolph, Horticulture Assistant Professor

Even though your houseplants do not have to deal with the cold like your garden does, you should still change how you care for them this season, ensuring they stay healthy and continue to grow well. Following these tips, your leafy friends will bring lushness and natural beauty into your home, even in winter.

Decrease watering

In general, less light means less water. Plants need less water in the winter because they don't get as much sunlight, compared to spring and summer. To test soil moisture, push your finger into the potting soil at least one inch deep. If the soil is dry, water thoroughly. It is better to water plants well less often than water just a little bit every day. In the winter, it is possible that you will only need to water once every two to three weeks.

Pay attention to the Sun

If possible, move your plants closer to the windows. If they're on the ground, put them on a plant stand. Every week or two, rotate the pots to ensure all sides of the plants get some sunlight.

It's okay if a few leaves fall off

Plants outside over the summer will probably lose some leaves when they come back inside. This is normal because they are getting used to the lower light levels inside. It's normal for plants that stay inside all year to lose a few leaves as winter approaches. This is just their way of getting ready for less light.

Avoid temperature extremes

Keep plants away from cold drafts, radiators and hot air vents. Sudden hot or cold drafts can kill plants, stress them out, or dry them out.

Put the fertilizer on hold

Winter is a time for most houseplants to rest. They don't need fertilizer because they usually aren't actively growing. In the fall, stop fertilizing and start back up again in the spring when plants get more sunlight and start growing again.

Scan for pests

If you are bringing plants inside for the winter, be sure to check the leaves, stems and soil surface for pests. Wipe leaves down with a wet cloth or remove pests by hand before bringing the plants inside. Small bugs that feed on sap, like aphids and scales, tend to show up more in the winter. Another common winter pest is the spider mite which likes warm, dry places to live. When watering, flip the leaves over and look at the undersides and along the stems. If you find bugs, use your fingers or damp cloth to remove them. Neem oil and insecticidal soap may be options for managing houseplant pests. With any product, be sure to read the entire label for application instructions and precautions.

Increase the humidity

In the winter, the air inside our heated homes is often drier. Most houseplants, especially those from tropical areas, do best when the humidity is between 40 and 50%. However, in the winter, most homes have humidity levels between 10 and 20%. Putting plants close together is an easy way to make the air around them more humid. Plants can also be put on trays with pebbles and water to make the air more humid. To keep the roots from rotting, pot bottoms should be above the water. As the water evaporates, it makes the air around your houseplants more humid. Keep plants away from vents with blowing air.

HOW TO HAVE FAMILY CONVERSATIONS ABOUT ESTATE PLANNING

Source: Steve Isaacs, UK Agricultural Economist

Family decisions about inheritance, money and business leadership are never easy and can sometimes be awkward. However, these are extremely important conversations to have with your children or heirs to ensure your wishes for your farm and business are followed.

Don't wait on your heirs to bring up this discussion. This is one of the times you need to take the reins and initiate an in-person conversation. To help the dialog get flowing, you may want to start at the end and discuss your wishes for your funeral and then move into asset division. You may also ask your financial planner or lender to attend; they can also help you start the conversation.

Before this exchange, think of each of your children, their personalities and interests. Ask yourself questions like:

Are they all interested in the family farm? Are they currently part of the farm's operations? Is one better with business matters than others? Will they follow your wishes for family farm preservation?

You never want to create an unnecessary burden or obligation on children with no interest in the property. Your heir(s) should see the estate as an opportunity to continue the family business, not an obligation. At this point, you may need to start sharing information about your farm and its profitability with your heir(s), if you have not already done so. Moving forward, they will need to know where the farm financially stands.

These conversations can put you in a tough position. Some of your heirs may feel like they are getting shortchanged, even if they have no interest in farming or running a business. Be realistic and clear about your wishes and empathetic to your children/heirs. Remember they need to be treated fairly and not necessarily equally. Those not wanting to farm may be given non-farm assets, life insurance proceeds or off-farm investments. Realize that you may not be able to achieve equality in some situations.

Always put your wishes in writing, and have an attorney prepare a will or an estate plan. Dying without these documents could put your successful farm transition in jeopardy. While a will may seem like a final step, it should not be. Revisit it every few years. People change, circumstances change, and sometimes a child with no interest in farming five or 10 years ago may suddenly express an interest.

Clearly stating your wishes to your family members can help prevent family disputes after you leave. For more information on estate planning, contact the Casey County office of the University of Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service.

SLOW COOKER CHICKEN SANTA FE SOUP

Ingredients:

4 thawed boneless, skinless chicken breasts

1 (7 ounce) can chopped green chilies

1 (8 ounce) bag frozen corn

1 (28 ounce) can diced tomatoes, no salt added

1 (15 ounce) can black beans

1 (14 ounce) can or box vegetable broth, no salt added

1 (32 ounce) box low-sodium chicken broth

3 tablespoons low sodium chili seasoning mix



Place all ingredients in slow cooker and simmer on low 6-8 hours or 3-4 hours on high.

Remove cooked chicken and shred with two forks.

Return chicken to soup and it is ready-to-serve.



Nutrition facts per serving: 180 calories; 2.5g total fat; 0.5g saturated fat; 0g trans fat; 35mg cholesterol; 740mg sodium; 23g carbohydrate; 4g fiber; 6g sugar; 17g protein; 10% Daily Value of vitamin A; 15% Daily Value of vitamin C; 4% Daily Value of calcium; 8% Daily Value of iron

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Program information may be made available in languages other than English. Inquiries regarding compliance with Title VI and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Educational Amendments, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and other related matter should be directed to Equal Opportunity Office, Martin-Gatton College of Agriculture, Food and Environment, University of Kentucky, Room S-105, Agriculture Science Building, North Lexington, Kentucky 40546, the UK Office of Institutional Equity and Equal Opportunity, 13 Main Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40506-0032 or US Department of Agriculture, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-9410.